GEONETCAST:

OPEN SOURCE TOOLBOX FOR REAL -TIME SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS OF LARGE BASINS.



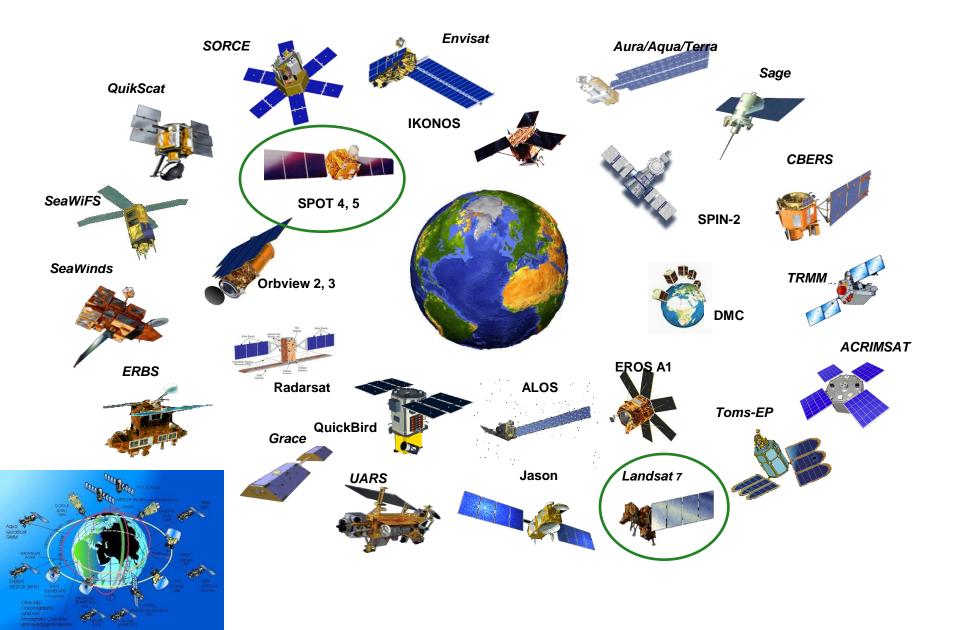
Arno van Lieshout

Department of Water Resources Faculty of Geo-Information Science and Earth Observation University of Twente / ITC *a.m.vanlieshout@utwente.nl*

MSG Meteosat-9 day color composite - ITC real

FACULTY OF GEO-INFORMATION SCIENCE AND EARTH OBSERVATION

Something being observed for us...?





Overview: Problems

- Developments in EO for Water
- What can GEONETCast Toolbox contribute
- Changes and repercussions for the water sector
- The way forward..

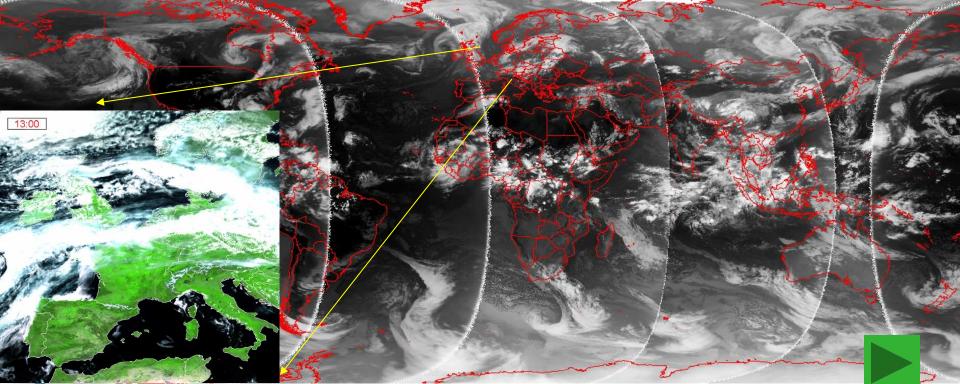






Near real time data over Africa recorded every 15 minute

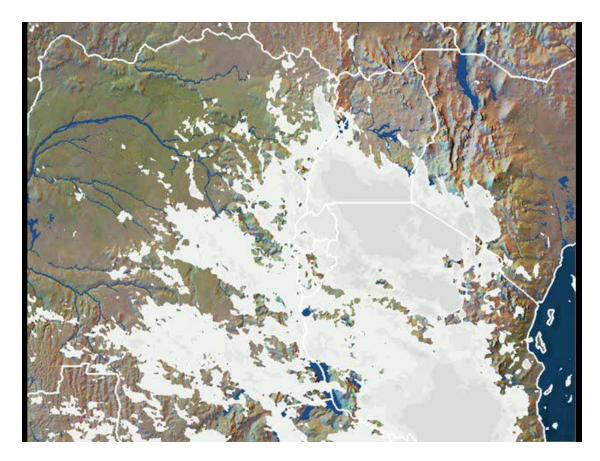
Global near real time satellite coverage from geostationary meteorological platforms (1 to 5 km resolution; time frequency: 30'-1 hr; 15 min for MSG)
Nicely positioned above the Equator



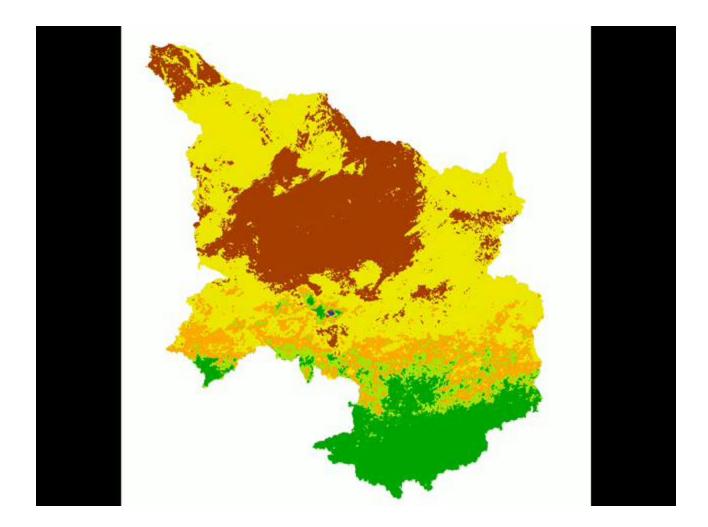


Cloud cover / rainfall

Every 15 minutes another image is animated -> 96 / day



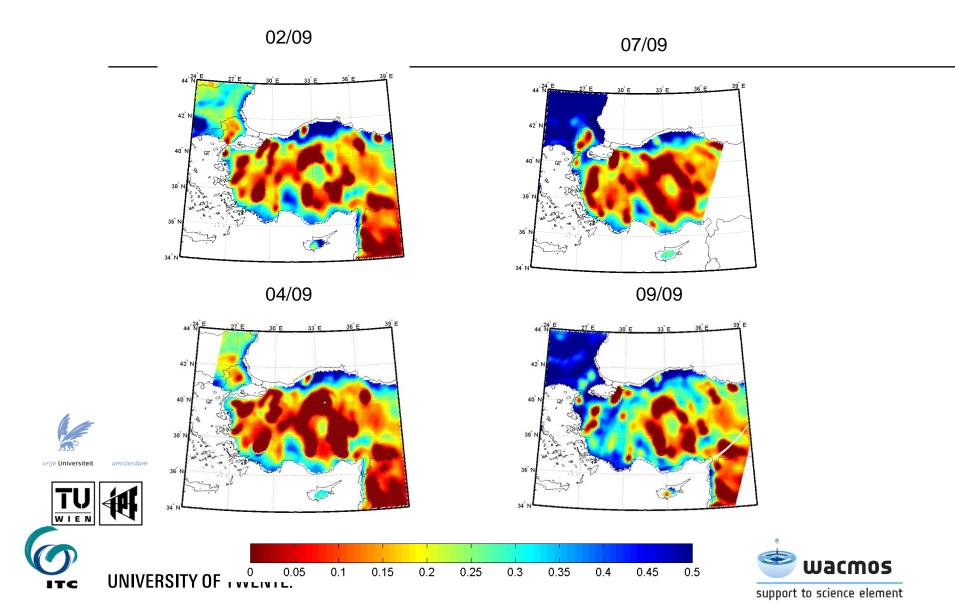
Vegetation Monitoring from Space



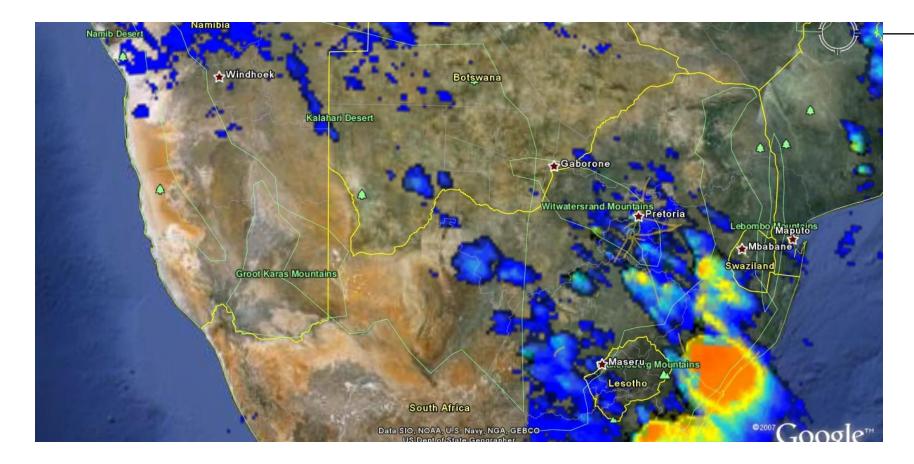
Vegetation development monitoring over Large River Basins (Lake Chad).

(WACMOS) Soil Moisture Dynamics over Turkey

AMSR-E Soil Moisture in m³m⁻³ (VUA product)



RAINFALL OVER SOUTHERN AFRICA (23 JANUARY 2013)





CBERS-2 CCD, Irrigation development

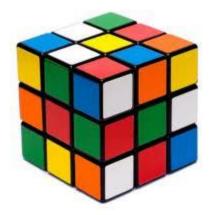




Earth Observation for Africa

Satellite data is available but:

- Problem 1: How to get it?
- Problem 2: How to analyse?



Problem 3: Linking to existing spatial models?





NEEDED:

- Open & fast access to:
 - EO & in situ data
 - Data Integration and Analyses Tools

Capacity building

- Learning materials
- Training and Support
- Knowledge exchange in S-N, E-W, S-S directions







© AMESD



GEONETCast data reception in Africa and Latin America using C-band dish antennas

GEONETCast African Service received in Africa



Atlantic Bird 3 C-band dBW footprint



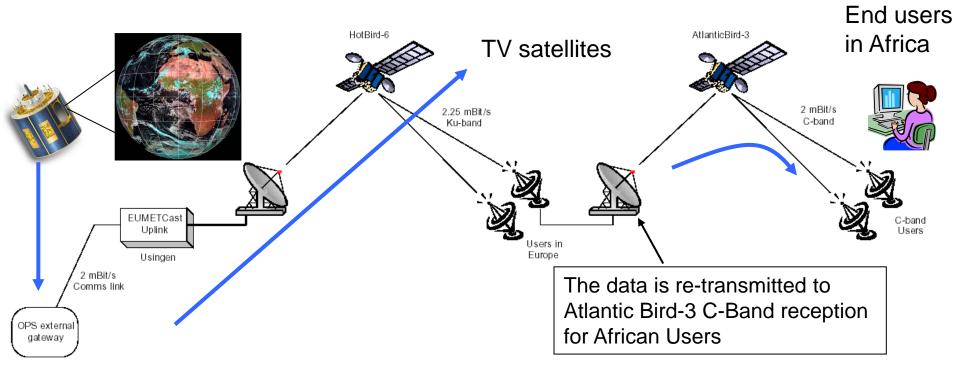
Satellite Dish installed at CGIS-NUR, Rwanda



Satellite Dish installed at RCMRD, Nairobi

Data: Open and fast access Geonetcast real-time satellite reception

After central ground processing at EUMETSAT, images in full resolution are transmitted within < 2 minutes of observation and then....



Before the (data) signal is received by an end-user, it has travelled: approximate distance is 5 * 36.000 km!!)

CONFIGURATION BASED ON OFF-THE-SHELF EQUIPMENT

- A standard PC with either Digital Video Broadcasting card,
- C-band a satellite antenna fitted with a digital universal V/H LNB,
- EUMETCast Client Software and the EUMETCast Key Unit,
- 2 PCs one for DVB reception (and FTP/file serving to the network) and the other for processing.
- Minimum PC requirements are I: 2.0 GHz Pentium[™] IV; 1Gb RAM, 36Gb internal disk (or more); USB port for EKU; 5 volt PCI bus (compatible with recommended DVB PCI card); 100/10
- Processing and visualization based on open-source ILWIS-GEONETCast software

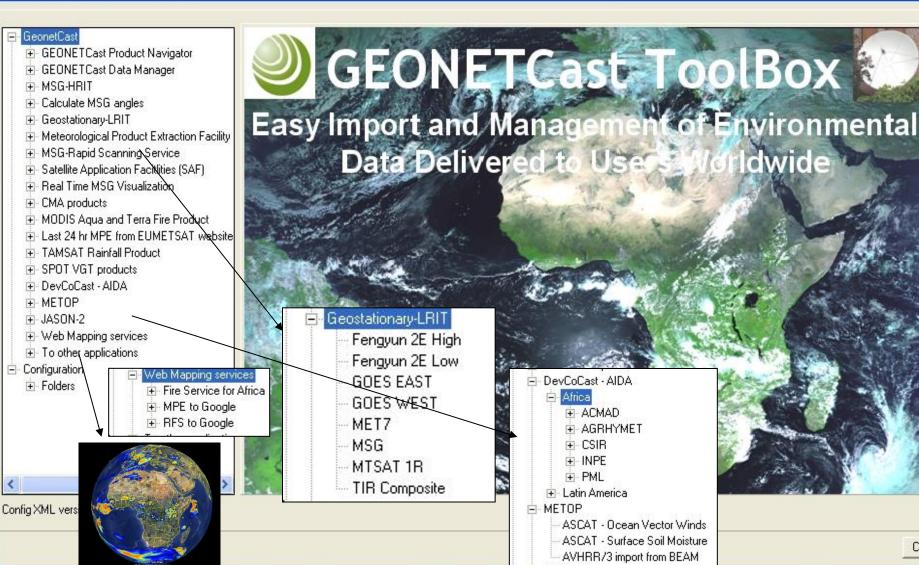


UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE. Online registration https://eoportal.eumetsat.int



ILWIS Open GEONETCast ToolBox v.3.8

🖩 Geonetcast Toolbox



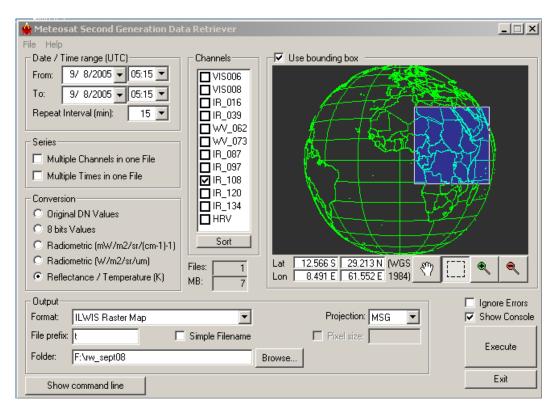
ILWIS

anorth



GEONETCast Toolbox functionality: MSG data retriever

Automated MSG image retrieval & pre-processing



Key-features:

- Fully controlled geometry & radiometry, conversions to diff. data formats: DN, radiances, reflectance, temperature;
- Easy date/time range selection and series construction.



PROBLEM 1: HOW TO GET IT...









PROBLEM 2: HOW TO ANALYSE IT...

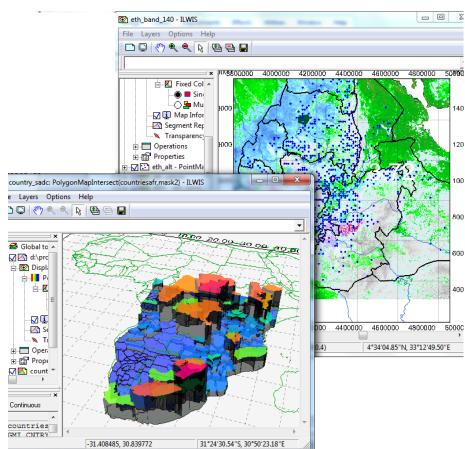






ILWIS OPEN V.3.8

MODULAR PC-BASED REMOTE SENSING & GIS PACKAGE



Key features:

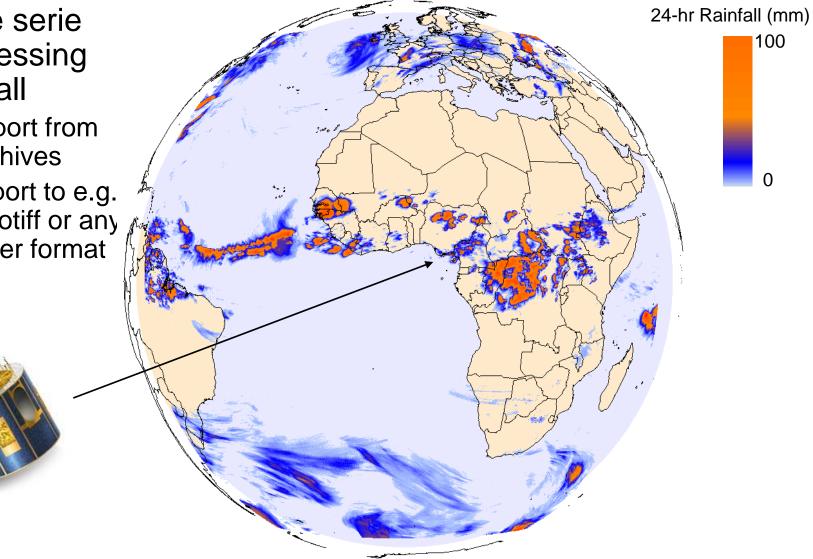
- integrated raster and vector design
- import export of widely used geospatial data formats
- on-screen digitizing
- comprehensive image processing tools
- orthophoto, image georeferencing, transformation and mosaicking
- advanced modeling and spatial data analysis
- 3D visualization & animation (optional 3D)
- auto resampling of different spatial geometries
- rich projection and coordinate system library
- geo-statistical analyses & interpolators
- Spatial Multiple Criteria Evaluation
- Web Mapping & Processing Services
- Hydrological digital terrain modeling
- Surface Energy Balances (SEBS) functionality
- Application Plug-in architecture (Toolboxes)

Compact main package: 20 Mb only!

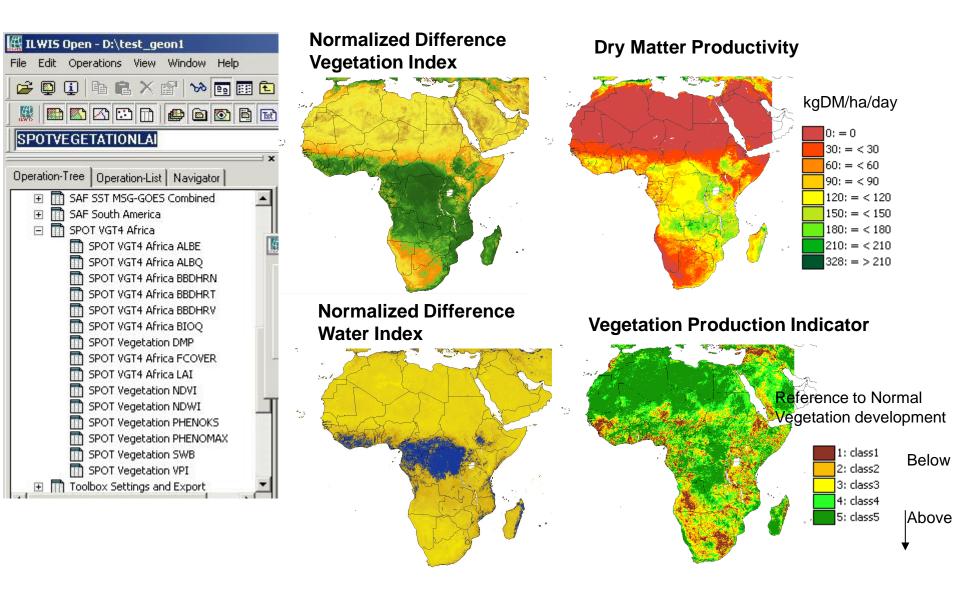


Easy open script language (ASCII) for file Import from Eumetsat Archive MPE time series

- Time serie processing rainfall
 - Import from archives
 - export to e.g. Geotiff or any other format

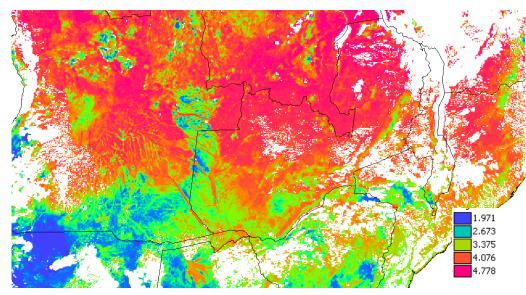


Direct import & use of SPOT_VGT 10-day products



GEONETCast Toolbox Land applications: Monitoring land surface water cycle components

ET: Evapotranspiration (example below)



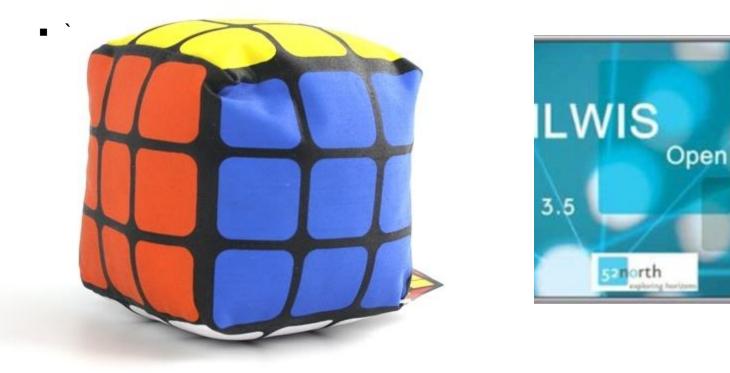
Daily ET estimate - Zambezi basin – region using SEBS - SURFACE ENERGY BALANCE SYSTEM – ILWIS Open Plug-in

Surface Energy Balance System (SEB	
Land Surface Temperature	🖺 lst_sub2009016151200 🗸
Emissivity	Emis20090615 🗾
Land Surface Albedo	🗈 albedo20090615
NDVI	MDVI_200906151200
Vegetation Proportion (Pv)	🔛 sub_fvc_20090615000(👻
🔽 Leaf Area Index	📾 lai_sub_200906150000 👻
🔽 Sun Zenith Angle Map (degree)	mes_sol_zenres 🗸
▼ DEM map	💼 sub_demaf_cor 🗨
Inst. downward solar radiation map(Watts/m^)	
✓ Inst. downward solar radiation value(Watts/m ²)	2) [851]
Canopy height map [m] Displacement height map [m] Surface roughness map [m] Julian day number	[166]
Reference Height (m) PBL height (m) Specific humidity map (kg/kg) Wind speed map (m/s) Air temperature map (Celsius) Pressure at reference height map (Pa) Pressure at surface map (Pa) Mean daily air temperature map (Celsius) Sunshine hours per day	2.00 1000.00 0.02 2.5 19 89350 100100.00 25.000000 10.000000
Output Raster Map	[ben_test]
Description:	
	Show Define Cancel

Ps. most of the data can be obtained from GEONETCast

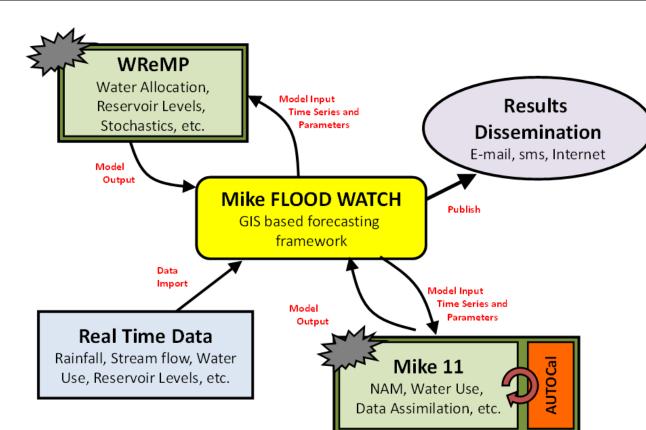


PROBLEM 2: HOW TO ANALYSE IT...





PROBLEM 3: LINKING TO EXISTING SPATIAL MODELS ?

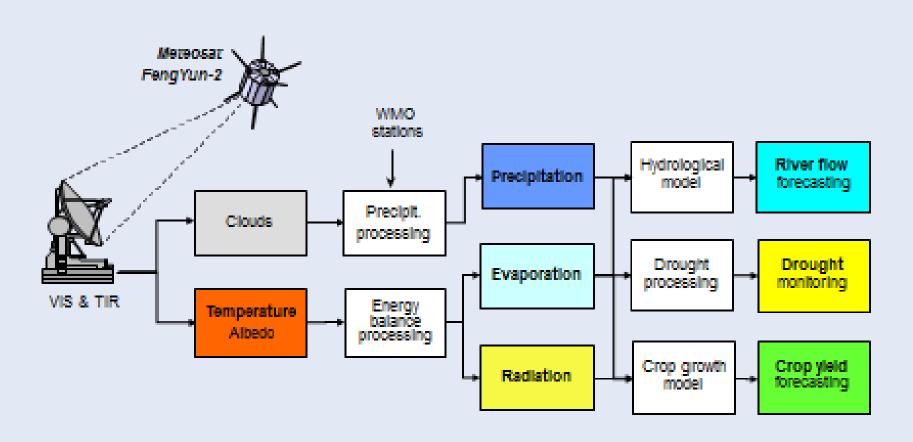




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Energy and Water Balance Monitoring System (EWBMS)

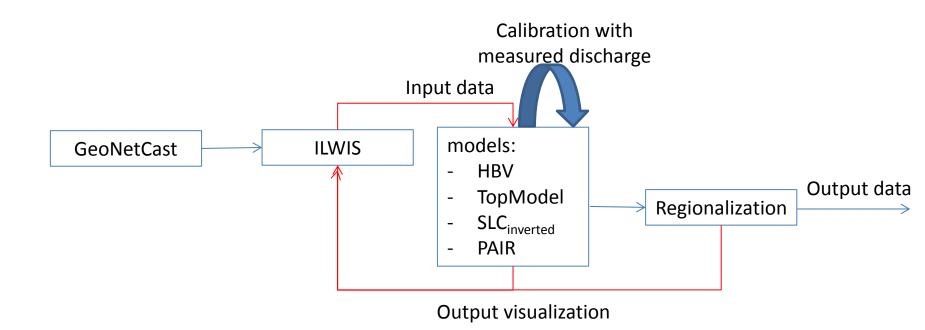




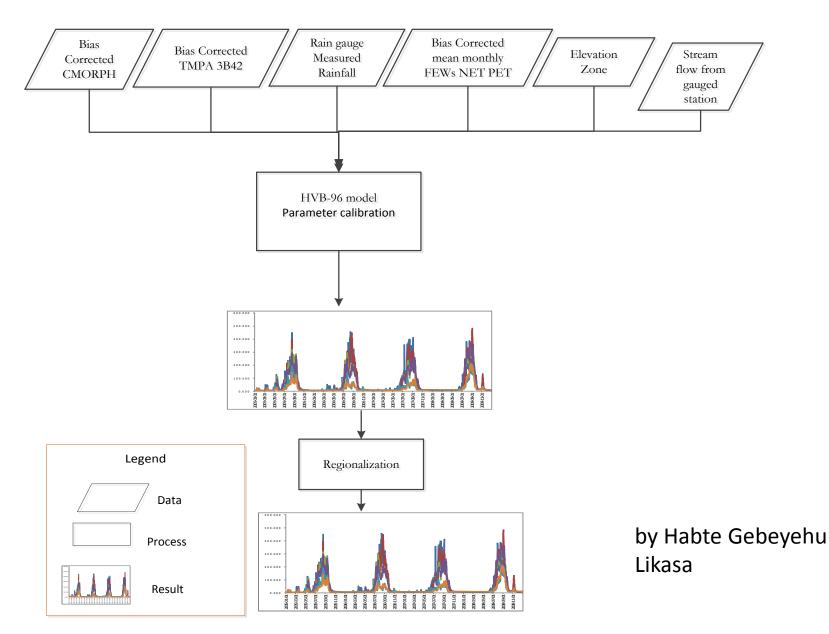




Coupling of RS data with hydrological model(s)



Pilot study in Awash basin, Ethopia



Satellite rainfall data:

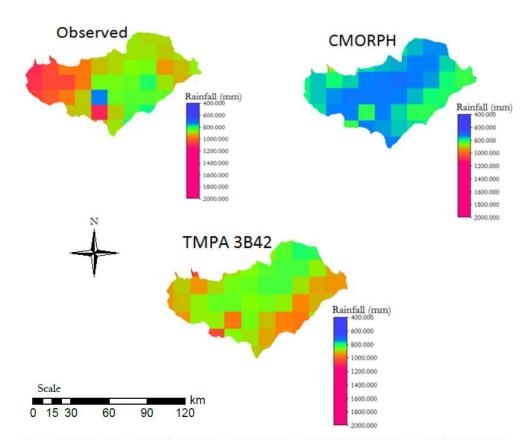
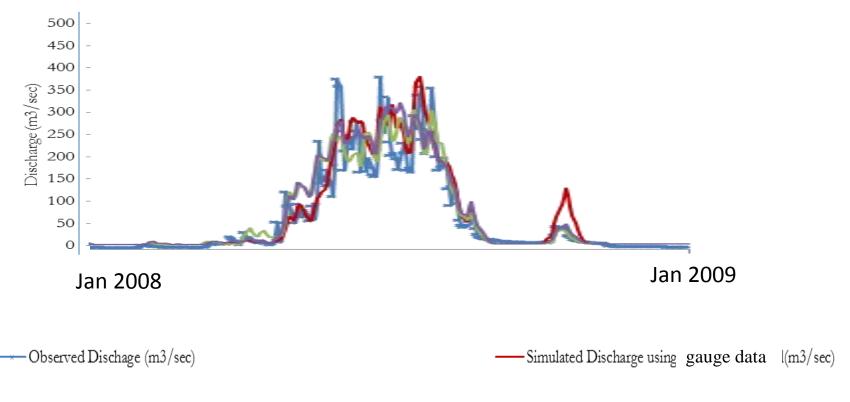


Figure 6.2 Annual Mean Rainfall of Observed, CMORPH and TMPA 3B42 in Upper and Middle Awash River Basin

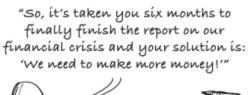
HBV model output with gauge data and satellite rainfall products



— Simulated Discharge using using Bias CMORPH(m3/sec)

PROBLEM 3: LINKING TO EXISTING SPATIAL MODELS – SOLVED ???









- Solved to a some extent but:
 - Evaluation Satellite products on basin scale needed – Multi....
 - Improve integration (corrected) satellite data with models
 - Forecasting
 - Anticipate:
 - Shift to open source models
 - Coupled data capture using ground stations and remote sensors
 - develop strategy to timely water inform <-> public (e.g. rainfall forecasts, flood risk, health risk) using e.g. web-based or mobile com



ITCs' role could be....

- On the spot workshops/training including establishment of EO receiving station,
- Joined research on linking GEONETCast with models for Operationalization
- Joined workshop/training with other BASIN /Catchment Authorities
- Tailor-made trainings
- Participation in regular ITC courses on EO for WRM
- Participation in short course in Kenya (9 weeks)
- Participation in Distance Education



